AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A compound of the formula:

wherein

ring A represents a benzene ring, which may have 1 to 3 substituents selected from

- (1) halogen atom,
- (2) nitro.
- (3) cyano,
- (4) hydroxy.
- (5) C₁₋₆ alkyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (6) C₆₋₁₄ aryl, which may have 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen atom, hydroxy, C₁₋₆ alkyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms, C₁₋₆ alkoxy optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms, and C₁₋₆ alkyl-carbonyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms.
- (7) C₁₋₆ alkoxy optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms.
- (8) C₁₋₆ alkylthio optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,

- (9) amino,
- (10) mono- or di-C₁₋₆ alkylamino.
- (11) C₁₋₆ alkyl-carboxamide optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (12) carbamovl.
- (13) mono- or di-C₁₋₆ alkyl-carbamoyl,
- (14) C₁₋₆ alkyl-carbonyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (15) C₁₋₆ alkyl-sulfonyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (16) 5- to 7-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group,
- (17) C₁₋₆ alkoxy-C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
- (18) 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic carbonyl,
- (19) carboxy,
- (20) C₁₋₆ alkoxy-carbonyl,
- (21) 5- or 6- 5- to 7-membered aromatic heterocyclic group, which may have 1 to 3 substituents selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (22) C_{1-6} alkylsulfinyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms, and
- (23) C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₆ alkoxy;

B represents a C_{1-6} alkylene optionally having substituents; Y and Ya are the same or different and each represents a bond, C_{1-6} alkylene, -CO-, -CO-alkb- or -CO-alkd-O-(alkb and alkd are the same or different and each represents a C_{1-6} alkylene or a bond);

 R^1 and R^2 are the same or different and each represents a hydrogen atom or C_{1-6} alkyl; R^3 represents a hydrogen atom;

 R^4 and R^5 are the same or different and each represents a hydrogen atom or $C_{1.6}$ alkyl or R^4 and R^5 , together with the adjacent carbon atom, form a ring optionally having substituents:

R⁶ represents an indolyl group optionally having substituents;

Z represents piperidinyl optionally having substituents or piperazinyl optionally having substituents; and

Za represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom or a cyclic group optionally having substituents; or a salt thereof.

- 2-3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Original) The compound according to claim 1, wherein one of \mathbb{R}^4 and \mathbb{R}^5 is a hydrogen atom, and the other is a C_{1-6} alkyl optionally having substituents.
 - 5-6. (Canceled)
- 7. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1, wherein Z is piperidinyl or piperazinyl, each of which is substituted by a group of the formula: -Yd-Ara wherein Yd is a bond, C₁₋₆ alkylene, -alka-O-alkb-, -alka-S-alkb-, -alka-CO-alkb-, -alka-SO-alkb-, -alka-SO₂ -alkb- or -alkc-CO-alkd-NH-alke- (wherein alka, alkb, alkc, alkd and alke are the same or different and each represents a C₁₋₆ alkylene or a bond), and Ara represents a monocyclic group optionally having substituents.
- (Original) The compound according to claim 1, wherein Ya is a bond, and Za is a hydrogen atom.
 - 9. (Original) The compound according to claim 1, wherein B is a C₁₋₆ alkylene.
 - 10. (Canceled)

- 11. (Original) The compound according to claim 1, wherein R^1 and R^2 are $C_{1-\delta}$ alkyl.
 - 12. (Original) The compound according to claim 1, wherein Y is -CO-.
 - 13. (Original) The compound according to claim 1, which is

N-((1R,2S)-1-(((5-((dimethylamino)methyl)-2-

((methylamino)carbonyl)phenyl)amino)carbonyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)propyl)-4-(2-methylphenyl)-1-piperidinecarboxamide;

N-((1R,2S)-1-(((2-((dimethylamino)carbonyl)-5-((dimethylamino)methyl)phenyl)amino)carbonyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)propyl)-4-(4-

fluorophenyl)-1-piperidinecarboxamide;

 $\label{eq:N-(1R,2S)-1-(((5-((dimethylamino)methyl)-2-methoxyphenyl))} N-((1R,2S)-1-(((5-((dimethylamino)methyl)-2-methoxyphenyl))))). The property of the pr$

N-((1R,2S)-1-(((5-((dimethylamino)methyl)-2-methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)propyl)-4-(2-methylphenyl)-1-piperazinecarboxamide;

 $N-((1R,2S)-1-(((5-((dimethylamino)methyl)-2-ethoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)-2-\\ (1H-indol-3-yl)propyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-piperazinecarboxamide; or$

N-((1R,2S)-1-(((5-((dimethylamino)methyl)-2-ethoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)propyl)-4-phenyl-1-piperidinecarboxamide.

 (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical preparation comprising the compound according to claim 1 or a salt thereof.

15-23.

 (Currently Amended) A method for treating diabetes type 1-or type 2diabetic retinopathy, diabetic nephropathy, diabetic neuropathy, Doan syndrome or orthostatic-hypotension in a mammal, which comprises administering to the mammal an effective amount of the compound according to claim 1 or a salt thereof.

25-26. (Canceled)

27. (Currently Amended) A method for producing a compound of claim 1 or a salt thereof, which comprises reacting a compound of the formula:

wherein

Y represents a bond, C₁₋₆ alkylene, -CO-, -CO-alkb- or -CO-alkd-O- (alkb and alkd are the same or different and each represents a C₁₋₆ alkylene or a bond);

R⁴ and R⁵ are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom or C₁₋₈ alkyl, or R⁴ and R⁵, together with the adjacent carbon atom, form a ring optionally having substituents;

R⁶ represents an indolyl group optionally having substituents; <u>and</u>

Z represents piperidinyl optionally having substituents or piperazinyl optionally having substituents or a salt thereof, with a compound of the formula:

$$R^3$$
 A
 B
 R^2

wherein

ring A represents a benzene ring, which may have 1 to 3 substituents selected from

(1) halogen atom,

- (2) nitro,
- (3) cyano,
- (4) hydroxy,
- (5) C₁₋₆ alkyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (6) C₆₋₁₄ aryl, which may have 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen atom, hydroxy, C₁₋₆ alkyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms, C₁₋₆ alkoxy optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms, and C₁₋₆ alkyl-carbonyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (7) C₁₋₆ alkoxy optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (8) C₁₋₆ alkylthio optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (9) amino,
- (10) mono- or di-C₁₋₆ alkylamino,
- (11) C₁₋₆ alkyl-carboxamide optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (12) carbamoyl,
- (13) mono- or di- C_{1-6} alkyl-carbamoyl,
- (14) C₁₋₆ alkyl-carbonyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (15) C_{1-6} alkyl-sulfonyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (16) 5- to 7-membered non-aromatic heterocyclic group,
- (17) C₁₋₆ alkoxy-C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
- (18) 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic carbonyl,
- (19) carboxy,
- (20) C₁₋₆ alkoxy-carbonyl,

- (21) 5- or 6- 5- to 7-membered aromatic heterocyclic group, which may have 1 to 3 substituents selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms,
- (22) C₁₋₆ alkylsulfinyl optionally having 1 to 5 halogen atoms, and
- (23) C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl-C₁₋₆ alkoxy;

B represents a C₁₋₆ alkylene optionally having substituents;

 R^1 and R^2 are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom or $C_{1-\theta}$ alkyl; and

R³ represents a hydrogen atom; or a salt thereof to give a compound of the formula:

wherein

each symbol is as defined above; or a salt thereof, and optionally reacting the compound or a salt thereof with a compound of the formula: L^4 -Ya-Za wherein L^4 represents a leaving group; Ya represents a bond, C_{1-6} alkylene, -CO-, -CO-alkb- or -CO-alkd-O- (alkb and alkd are the same or different and each represents a C_{1-6} alkylene or a bond); and Za represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom or a cyclic group optionally having substituents; or a salt thereof.

28. (Canceled)